# GenesisMC

GUI-based Semi-automated Image Material Classifier

GenesisMC<sup>™</sup> is an advanced-algorithm software tool for creating materialclassified-maps from remote-sensed terrain imagery or RGB-textured 3D models -- complete with physical properties and boundary conditions for realistic physics-based sensor simulations.

#### A Complete MatClass Product

GenesisMC<sup>™</sup> has tools for ingesting, managing, viewing, and processing large amounts of imagery in a user friendly and efficient manner.

#### Material Classified Maps (MCM)

The output of GenesisMC<sup>TM</sup> is a multi-channel Material Classified Map (MCM), where each pixel contains a material-system (MS) ID and mixture percentages. The MS has layered material compositions and thermal boundary conditions.

#### **Semi-automated Classification**

GenesisMC<sup>TM</sup> allows you to "train" the algorithms on a representative sampling of your class of imagery, and then immediately perform quality control tests to ensure the algorithm settings are producing reasonable results. Then the trained algorithms are applied in a "batch" mode to all the imagery.

#### Validation Tools

The MCM Mapping Process Manager uses the resultant MCM and MS file to create a user defined colorized representation of the material assignments of the classified image. This process is used to verify/check the MCM classification assignments.





#### • Supports Various Imagery Sources

GenesisMC<sup>™</sup> ingests arbitrary-resolution RGB, multispectral, or hyperspectral imagery in .tif, .rgb or .jpg formats.

#### • Utilizes Shape Data/ Vector Data

GenesisMC<sup>TM</sup> utilizes shape files to assist in the material classification of the terrain tiles.



#### • Multiple Masking Tool Options

GenesisMC<sup>TM</sup> includes automated and semiautomated tools for masking of generic material regions. These masks are used to assist in the overall material assignment and provide an additional confidence for batch processing and image classification.

#### Output options

GenesisMC<sup>TM</sup> allows the user to select MCM outputs in the standard .rgb format or in the .tif (geotiff) format.

#### NEW! Disturbed Earth/ Hidden Items

GenesisMC<sup>TM</sup> now offers the ability for end-users to define levels of compactness of the terrain materials in designated areas of the dataset and have this information reflected in the material classification.



### **Physics-Based Material Classification**

of Scenes and 3D entities

#### Advanced Classification Algorithms

GenesisMC<sup>™</sup> contains a number of advanced spectral algorithms for the identification of materials and material classes within an image, including PCA analysis, ellipsoidal k-means clustering in color and higher-order metric space, and channel ratio metrics (e.g. NDVI).



#### Signature Prediction and Spectral Matching

GenesisMC<sup>TM</sup> leverages JRM's signature synthesis run-time library, **SigSim**<sup>TM</sup>, to predict and spectrally match material responses to image pixel colors.

#### **Extensive Material System Library**

GenesisMC<sup>™</sup> leverages JRM's Spectrometry Lab material database with spectral DHR, thermophysical and EM properties of nearly 400 real-world materials.





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#### **Active Thermal Regions**

GenesisMC<sup>™</sup> also provides an innovative process for approximating the dynamic surface thermal signature gradients of 3D objects like vehicles. The NEW and IMPROVED workflow streamlines the process, making defining Active Systems easier and quicker. Users can "rope-off" and assign "Active Thermal Regions" to portions of the model texture (exhaust, tracks, etc). These Active Thermal Systems are controllable at run-time in end-user applications.

GenesisMC



#### **Sensor Mode Previews**

ANY sensor, atmosphere, ephemeris, etc...

GenesisMC<sup>™</sup> uses JRM's SigSim<sup>™</sup> signature and atmospheric synthesis library to feature a Sensor Preview mode, allowing users to visualize how the resultant MCM will look in a typical Sensor Simulation. Preview sensors are user definable. Pre-defined options include: LWIR, MWIR and NVG.

MCMs can be used with any SigSim-enabled product to predict responses for



SigSimRT<sup>™</sup> is an advanced signature synthesis and atmospheric propagation runtime library for radiometricallycorrect sensor displays and Out-the-Window (OTW) visuals.

SigSimRT provides on-the-fly physics-based modeling over the 0.2-25.0 um spectrum (UV, visible, near-IR, thermal-IR) and for arbitrary RF frequencies. SigSim's ultra-fast algorithms and common material/property-attributed Synthetic Environment make it ideal for real-time multisensor, OTW, CGF/SAF, and Hardware-In-The-Loop (HWIL) applications.

#### Scene Graph Rendering Interface

SigSimRT provides easy-to-use data structures and API methods to directly supply scene graph rendering engines such as OpenSceneGraph, OGRE, or a custom image generator with scaled spectral or passband-integrated radiances, emissive contributions, and reflectivities; broken down into ambient, diffuse, and specular.

SigSimRT allows changes in atmospheric state or weather conditions *on-the-fly*, and provides realtime updates for the thermal emissions (temperatures), light source irradiances and lineof-sight atmospherics. SigSimRT atmospherics modeling includes transmittance, thermal path radiance and scattering -- all completely correlated across sensor bands for the correct relative behavior. JRM provides an OSG-based example with source code and GPU shaders that illustrate the use of the SigSimRT API to aid in the addition of sensor simulation to a particular image generation system.



#### Long Wave IR

#### **Real-time Thermal Emission & Reflection**

SigSimRT has ultra-fast, fully-transient thermal model algorithms that respond on-the-fly to changes in boundary conditions, such as ambient wind-speed and air temperature, rain-rate, timeof-day and surface-normal-dependent solar loading, sky loading, etc.



As a result, SigSimRT correctly models effects such as the diurnal cycle phenomenon of "thermal cross-over" between vegetation and soil/roadways. SigSimRT also supports various BRDF reflection models, including Sanford-Robertson and energy-conserving Phong, and loads JRM's library of measured bulk thermophysical and spectral material surface properties.

#### Common Material Property-Encoded Synthetic Environment



In addition to a common atmospheric datamodel, SigSimRT employs a common terrain and object data-model with the innovative *Material Systems Concept* (supported in a SEDRIS EDCS). Material Systems allow the assignment of material configurations and associated thermal boundary conditions to texels, vertices and/or facets in the database.

In this manner, fast SigSimRT algorithms retrieve intrinsic physical properties such as density, thermal conductivity, specific heat, BRDF, and RCS, and apply them along with context variables such as wind speed, engine-state, etc. to synthesize the correct pass-band signature for EO, IR or RF sensors.



# SigSimRT

#### Signature & Atmospherics Library for Sensors & Out-the-Window Visuals

#### **Real-time Radiance Modeling**

For any 3D location, time, date and atmosphere/ weather condition, SigSimRT quickly provides all the natural source quantities necessary for accurate lighting, reflectance and thermal loading, including:

- Solar position, direct/diffuse spectral radiance
- Lunar position/phase, direct/diffuse spectral radiance
- Stellar constellation positions and spectral radiances
- Downwelling sky and cloud spectral radiances
- Upwelling earthshine spectral radiance

In addition, SigSimRT quickly provides the correct spectral radiance from man-made light sources, including tungsten, sodium, mercury, neon, and polymetallic lamps.



#### SigSim Spectral Irradiance Output



#### **Real-time EO/IR/RF Atmospherics**

SigSimRT uses innovative, extremely-fast pathintegral/transport algorithms based on Modtran & Radtran-atmospheric physics licensed from AFRL. These algorithms operate on a common ellipsoidal atmospheric data model, allowing the user to assign such parameters as the pressure, temperature, molecular species concentrations and weather state at any altitude.





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JRM Technologies

SenSimRT is an advanced sensor modeling toolkit and run-time library for real-time sensor effects simulation of any optical sensor in the EO or IR regime. It provides engineering-level modeling of the optics, detector, electronics and display components, simulating appropriate Modulation Transfer Functions (MTFs), detector sampling, noise, non-uniformity, dead-detectors, fill-factor, 1/f and white post-amplifiers, noise, pre-and and SenSimRT can use the actual displays. specifications sensor component to provide the most realistic sensor visualization experience.

#### SenSimRT Solution Suite

SenSim is an advanced optical sensor modeling and real-time effects solution suite that consists of two component technologies: SenSimMT, the Sensor Design Modeling Tool, and SenSimRT, the real-time Sensor Effects Post-Processor Library.





SenSim Diffraction Blur and NEDT Analyses

#### SenSimMT

SenSimMT is a powerful tool for sensor design and analysis studies. Users simply enter typical or known sensor specifications, and dynamically view the effect as would be on an actual sensor display.



SenSimMT ingests either a static sensor image or synthesizes a tactical scene on-the-fly with a target model at range based on user-specified inputs. Using advanced engineering models for simulating the sensor effects in non-real-time, it produces a play-back movie of that sensor against the user-specified scenario.

When the user has the precise specifications for the right sensor "look-and-feel", SenSimMT outputs the run-time data constructs to be used by SenSimRT for real-time sensor effects implementation.

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## SenSimRT

#### Advanced Real-Time EO/IR Sensor Effects SDK Library

#### SenSimRT - GPU Real-time Sensors

SenSimRT is an innovative new library that ingests a SenSimMT output file, and configures itself to apply engineering-level NVG and FLIR sensor effects at the specified sensor frame rate - 60 Hz or better, depending on the SenSimMT design and graphics hardware.

#### **Scalable Solution**

SenSimRT is a scalable solution using robust runtime software that implements SenSimMT modeling in the GPU on NVIDIA and ATI advanced graphics boards in real-time. Efficient GPU algorithms apply the effects to the at-aperture imagery in the frame-buffer with very minimal impact on scene rendering performance. The result is real-time advanced sensor effects on low cost PC-based hardware. SenSimRT will also run tightly-coupled dual GPU hardware on architectures, like SLI from nVidia, for larger ataperture image- processing for higher frame-SenSimRT performs physically-correct, rates. engineering level effects simulation, like realtime NVG haloing, noise, and blur.

At-aperture Inputs vs. SenSimRT Outputs



T38a Aircraft



T38a Aircraft



**MWIR** T72 Tank



**3-5 um FLIR** T72 Tank



Tactical



Tactical

#### Features

- GPU-Based Real-Time Sensor Effects Library
- Easy integration into existing IGs like OpenSceneGraph
- Provides engineering-level modeling of the optics, detector, electronics and display components
- Gaussian, Poisson, and 1/f noise
- Diffraction, motion and design blur
- Dynamic range, gain/level and AGC
- Physically-correct NVG light-point haloing in the frame-buffer
- Supports real-time frame rates



SenSimRT Physically-Correct GPU Haloing



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#### **Advanced Spectral Scene Generator & Development Kit**

 $OSV^{TM}$  is a physics-based spectral scene generation software development package based on JRM's Sensor SDKs and OpenSceneGraph (OSG). It comes with both turn-key applications and source examples.

### Full Spectrum, Correlated Simulation from a single Database

Leveraging JRM's signature synthesis and atmospheric propagation run-time library, SigimRT<sup>TM</sup>, along with material encoded textures produced by JRM's GenesisMC<sup>TM</sup>, OSV provides high-fidelity simulation of arbitrary imaging sensors in the UV through far IR (0.20-25.0µm) spectrum with highly-optimized, physics-based signature synthesis and Modtran -based atmospheric propagation modeling.

#### **Dynamic At-Aperture Radiance Scenes**

1400

In real-time, OSV computes the at-aperture sensorpass band radiances of complex scenes under *dynamic environmental and object conditions* such as:

- Time of day
- Time of year
- Geolocation
- Humidity
- AirTemp
- Pressure
- Aerosols
- Wind speed
- Vehicle Speed



1800

- **OSV Visible Atmospheric Scattering**
- and more

#### **Dynamic Post-Aperture Sensor Effects**

Using JRM's SenSimRT engineering-level sensor modeling library embedded, OSV provides component-level simulation of optics, detector arrays, signal processing and displays for realistic appearance.





JRM Technologies

···· Real Physics 
■ Real Sensors 
■ Real-time

#### Passive & Active Sensor Modeling

OSV supports passband-integrated, multispectral, and full-spectral output, for arbitrary passbands, including ultraviolet (UV), color visible, shortwave (NVG, SWIR) and infrared (MWIR, LWIR, FLIR).



OSV also supports an increasing variety of active mode outputs, including SAR, ISAR, Wide-Area Scan, MTI and Ladar/ Millimeterwave. Terrain areal parameters RCS are stored in the same material data files as are used in FO/IR modelina. and RF propagation is based on Radtran calculations, using the same profile specification as for Modtran.







#### **Advanced Spectral Scene Generator**

#### Available as GUI Based Tool or SDK Library

OSV allows the user to easily create and simulate a dynamic tactical sensor scenario. With its easy-touse GUI, one can load a 3D terrain database, specify any number of arbitrary sensors, atmospheric and weather conditions, place 3D vehicle models in the scene, and create track files to establish entity motion.

Mouse and joystick controls allow you to fly or drive your sensor as attached to a model throughout the database and the software allows you to capture still images or full movies at the scenario frame rate.

Alternatively, OSV is available in a cross-platform SDK version for developers to create their own sensor IG solutions.

#### Features

- Material and atmospheric science based physical property assignments of the scene elements: 3D objects, vehicles, terrain and atmosphere
- Fast transient thermal models for accurate surface temperatures reactive to changes in atmosphere/ weather and dynamic states
- Physics-based, spectral signature calculations for UV, VIS, NIR, SWIR, MWIR, LWIR, FLIR, and RF frequencies.
- Various Fidelity vs. Performance Modes
- Accurate, fast Modtran/Radtran-based atmospherics for realistic scattering, transmittance and path radiance
- Supports standard open database formats such as OpenFlight and Terrapage
- Extensible, flexible development SDK



#### Scalable Fidelity/Performance

All modes use 32-bit floating point GPU processing for signatures and atmospherics, with frame rate performance ranging from about 1 Hz for full spectral rendering into a 32-bit float frame buffer to real-time 60-200 Hz for fast passband rendering to a standard 8-24 bit integer frame buffer.





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OSV now features Radar Mode support, including Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) mode, Inverse Synthetic Aperture Radar (ISAR) and scanning modes like Wide-Area Scan (WAS). JRM is adding support for future radar modes like weather radar, ground-beam mapping, etc ...



The general specifications for SAR/ISAR radar mode support are provided below.

<u>Performance</u>: 1-10Hz depending on scene complexity. OSV SAR runs on-the-fly (OTF) in realtime typically at 1Hz.

### **OSG Sensor Viewer (OSV)** Radar Mode Support

<u>Sensor Correlation</u>: Correlated with EO/IR. Switchable between SAR mode, and EO/IR sensor modes (US, Visible CCD, NIR, SWIR, MWIR, LWIR and arbitrary sensor passband). OSV SAR runs fully correlated with the other OSV sensor modes for EO/IR (ie NVG, MWIR, LWIR) because it is built into the same physics-based sensor rendering software and runs on the same physical-property terrain and target database.

<u>Resolution</u>: Arbitrary. OSV SAR can support arbitrary SAR resolutions up to the resolution of the database RGB textures.

<u>Signature Effects</u>: OSV SAR uses on-the-fly (OTF) physics-based signatures from a single material-property encoded 3D database of terrain, cultural features, atmosphere and targets. Real-time effects include:

- SAR Shadows
- Leading edge brightness
- Down-range/Cross-range resolution effects
- RF path attenuation and absorption noise
- Target RF signatures from user data (user RCS or SC tables or JRM default)
- Target simulated in-phase returns (for resonance and nulls)
- Polarization.
- Terrain Ulaby-Dobson RF signatures from JRM material library

Sensor Controls: OSV SAR provides control over the following sensor inputs

Frequency (Ghz)	sgSensorViewerSar Gui - oahu226sar.xml		
	Run Scene Restore Defaults		
Pulse Width (u-secs)	Load config file Save Config File		
Tuise Width (d-sees)	Current Sensor: Synthetic Aperture Radar - SAR		
	Scenario Effects Objects Sensor Info Environment Advanced		
Pulse Repetition Frequency-PRF (Hz)			
	Region of Interest Crossrange [m] 300 Region of Interest Downrange [m] 300		
Integration Path Length (m)	Radar Parameters		
	Center Frequency [GHz] 10		
	Pulse Width [microseconds] 0.0001		
Transmitter Power (W) and Max Power (W)	Pulse Repetition Frequency [Hz] 1500		
	Integration Path Length [m] 1000		
	Emitter Power [W] 1000		
Antenna Gain	Antenna Gain [unitless] 1		
	Max Power [W] 1000		

Frequency Ranges: OSV SAR supports the following bands

- ✓ L-band : 1-2 GHz
- ✓ S-band: 2-4 GHz
- ✓ C-band : 4-8 GHz
- $\checkmark$  X-band : 8-12 Ghz
- ✓ Ku-band : 12-18 GHz
- ✓ Ka-band : 30-40 GHz
- ✓ W-band : 90-100 GHz



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